

The Pocahontas Times.

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Marlinton, Pocahontas Co., West Virginia, October 29, 1914

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CONTRIBUTED

"Cap" Avis talked long and loud about Wilson and the Democratic Congress failing to keep their platform pledges. Our answer to this that the Democratic administration has carried out more platform pledges in 18 months than Mr. Avis and his party did in 50 years of almost uninterrupted control of the National government.

WAR in Europe; PEACE in America; thank God for Wilson. A vote next Tuesday for the Democratic nominees for Congress and county officers will be a vote of approval of the policies so ably put forward by President Wilson. Let every Democrat in the county go to the polls and support the nominee of the party. Mr. Hodges, Mr. Littlepage, Mr. Brown, Mr. Hull, Mr. McNeel, Mr. Williams, and Mr. Yeager are all first class men, capable of filling the offices to which they aspire, and are entitled to your support. They will support the policies of the Administration. The Republican nominees will not.

Had the schedules of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill been in effect at the outbreak of the European war, the falling off in the revenues would have been twice as large as they are, and instead of levying a war tax of \$100,000,000 we would have had a \$200,000,000 load on our shoulders. Avis and Sutherland stand for the Payne-Aldrich tariff and return to plutocracy and privilege. When the bill to repeal the Panama Canal Tolls Act was introduced in Congress both Sutherland and Avis voted against the repeal of that iniquitous law, and thereby recorded themselves as being in favor of a ship subsidy for the benefit of the shipping trust.

By failing to make a nomination for the State Senate in this District, our Republican friends have made another admission of weakness. For the first time in years the Republican party will not put a full ticket in the field, so Mr. Morton, the able Democrat will go to the Senate without opposition.

Reports from all over the State indicate the election of Hodges by from 10,000 to 25,000 plurality. Hundreds of alumni of the State University are supporting him regardless of politics, which will elect him by a handsome vote.

It is hard to tell whether Avis is a Republican or not, since he made such desperate effort to swipe the Bull Moose nomination. And now since he has failed to get that nomination he is shedding tears all over the Third Congressional District. He has stood by the stand pat Republican machine down in Washington as consistently as ever Uncle Joe Cannon did, but some how or another he has a hankering to have his name hung up under Roosevelt's picture along about election times.

Mr. Voter had you heard of the new way of nominating candidates, lately introduced among us by the Republican Executive Committee? Last summer a well attended Republican convention nominated Ellett C. Smith for the office of Superintendent of Schools. Mr. Smith was an onlooker at this convention, and when the result was announced he got up and made a very pretty little speech thanking the convention for the honor conferred. Mr. Smith told them he had not sought the nomination, that he was a straight-out Progressive, and that he felt it a great honor to receive a nomination coming from another party in that way. No one seems to have heard him say that he was a Progressive on that occasion, but along about the first of August our conscientious Republican Committee got wind of the news that Smith was a follower of Roosevelt. Thereupon they assembled at headquarters one hot summer afternoon and bodily kicked him off of the ticket. Surely a new page has been written in the law books. We would just like to ask the good Republicans who were delegates to that convention, what they think of the overlordship exercised by three or four members of the Republican Executive Committee?

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Marlinton, October 30, 1914—A. R. White, George Wmsley, James Witherell, D. H. Weatherholt, Robert L. Shreiber, Dave Satterfield, Mrs. Walter Barber, 2 Mrs. G. McChristie, Mrs. R. P. Johnson, James Coleman, William Kesser.

SOME WASHINGTON NEWS

(By McGregor in Harper's Weekly.)

Quoth Minority Leader Mann, in discussing the War Tax Bill: "Mr. Speaker, you Democrats are good people, but you do not know how to run the country."

(Prolonged applause on the Republican side.) This delusion that a certain class of people is alone competent to govern was characteristic of the Bourbons of France "who never learned anything or forgot anything." Followed the French Revolution. The Mexican Cientificos were the only ones who could govern Mexico "scientifically." Followed the Mexican Revolution. That standpat attitude of mind was the characteristic one in the days of Cannonism. Followed the political revolution of 1912 which left the Republican Party third in the race, with eight electoral votes for Taft. But the Cientifico, whether French, Mexican or American, never learns anything or forgets anything.

The passage by the Senate of the House bill for the leasing of coal lands in Alaska marks the end of a long controversy, of which the Ballinger-Pinchot episode was the most significant. Senator Shafroth of Colorado took the states-rights position, that the federal government had no business leasing its public lands and that the principle if accepted for Alaska would be applied to the public lands within the states. He talked for two days unavailingly. The withdrawal of British Columbia coal for war purposes made the bill an emergency measure, and the alternative of putting the Alaska coal lands in the hands of the Guggenheims and their ilk did not appeal to the Senate. This is the first of the five conservation measures to be taken up by the Senate, all having passed the House.

The war tax bill was put through the House by the adoption of a rule giving seven hours' debate, the privilege of offering a motion to recommit and no amendments to be considered from the floor. Thereupon there arose a loud wail about gag-rule, Republicans and Progressives voting unanimously against the adoption of the rule. One familiar with congressional procedure dismisses the whole contention in an appeal to the galleries. As the seven hours of debate, in which not a vote was changed, drew to a close, it was hard to find men to speak and one of the Republicans naively referred to "this gag-rule under which I am now speaking." As to the right of amendment from the floor, in this particular case the bill had been discussed in the Democratic caucus, which is a two to one majority of the whole House. The Committee on Ways and Means had carried out the general instructions of the caucus, and in the framing of a revenue bill the House as a whole is incompetent for the task. The whole contention for a tariff commission is based on the theory of the incompetence of an unwieldy legislative body to frame a revenue bill. The war-tax bill was evidently regarded by the opposition, Republicans and Progressives voting together as the last chance at an issue for the Congressional campaign. Some of the Democrats of the Champ Clark type, thought that the issue should have been postponed until after the election, on the Barnum theory that the people like to be fooled and resent the splendid confidence in their intelligence and patriotism that Woodrow Wilson continually displays. The opposition contention was manifestly insincere. Opinion was divided as to whether the tax was unnecessary or was made necessary by Democratic extravagance of by the failure of the Underwood tariff to provide sufficient revenue. Sherley of Kentucky gave the facts that the Payne bill contributed 44 percent of the revenue, the Underwood bill 35 per cent, so that a smaller proportion of revenue had to be made up because of the cessation of imports. Sherley's argument was unanswerable, that it was impossible so to minimize "the most stupendous conflict of all time" as to ignore its effects upon the United States. But Payne and Mann and the rest saw a chance to complicate the question of an emergency tax with the tariff question, and the opposition voted solidly with one exception, against the imposition of the tax. So voted the Democratic minority against the war-tax of 1898, hoping for a popular issue. The campaigns of 1898 and 1900, on that issue, should not be reassuring to Republicans now.

Robert Hicklin and family of Pocahontas passed through Monterey on last Saturday to his old home on the Bullpasture. Mr. Hicklin has just finished a course in veterinary, and now has his diploma to practice at Stony Bottom, W. Va.—Highland Recorder.

sistently urged a war policy upon this country during the Mexican troubles are now as unanimously in favor of peace with all the world, and are fearful that every proposal of the Administration for meeting the crisis in American affairs might lead to war with some European power. This was the basis of opposition to the Ship Registry Bill, the Government insurance of shipping, the Philippine Bill, and, now to the Government purchase of ships. We trust that their opponents will not subject themselves to the charge of excessive cruelty by quoting from the recent war speeches of the patriots in the House and Senate, and their condemnation of President Wilson's policy in Mexico.

Report of Mace school for the month beginning September 21, and ending October 16, 1914. The following pupils were enrolled this month: Andrew and John Beale, John and Bryan Louk, Forrest and Chester Mace, Edgar Doyle, Willie Ware, Retta Beale, Ora Louk, Delsie Louk, Ada Doyle, Vesie Ware, Georgia Gibson, Minnie Gibson, Roma Gibson. The following being present every day received certificates of attendance for this month: Rella Beale, Andrew Beale, Johnnie Beale, Chester Mace, Ora Louk, Forrest Mace. Per cent of daily attendance 82; average daily attendance 14. Patrons of the school are invited to visit us frequently. P. W. Crickard, Teacher.

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JOB'S HEIR

Allow me to contribute the following letter, which I received from a party from whom I was endeavoring to collect a bill. After writing him several letters I received the answer given below: Joseph Daniel Parker.

Dear Sir: Your letter received, in reply will say that it came open with a one cent stamp on it. It would have afforded the boys much amusement, had not the melancholy thought come with it that you had no better sense than to abuse and slander a gentleman in an open letter. You speak of honor. I don't believe you ever saw an honorable lawyer, if you have it is more than I have done. You speak of causing me considerable trouble, great God I have already had enough to send fifty of you Shysters to hell fifty times. I will give you a history of the case and if you are surprised at my action you are undoubtedly one of the biggest fools on earth.

To begin with, in 1891, I bought a saw mill on credit, in 1892 I bought an ox team, a timber tract, a pair of Texas ponies, a breach loading shot gun and a winchester rifle, a milk cow, a pair of fine hogs and a set, of fine books, all on the installment plan, and hired hands to dig a fish pond. In 1893 my gin and corn mills burned flat to the ground and never left me a dam thing. One of my ponies died and I hired the other to an infernal insignificant box ankle, prognosticated dam Jew drummer, he killed him by driving him too hard. Then I joined the farmers alliance and the Methodist church, took advantage of the Homestead exemption, and honest debtors relief law and then had my application filled out to join the Masons. I was making but for the fact, in 1894, my father died, my

mother married a nigger, and my brother Jim was lincned for horse stealing. In 1896 my sister choked to death on a button and I had to pay her funeral expenses. In 1896 I got burned out again, then I took to drink and soon runned through the interest on what I owed which was about all that I had left. Last of 1897 my wife ran off with another man and left me with a pair of nine month twins to take care of now I don't care a cuss for you or any one else, there isn't anything which now surprises me.

Now if you feel like giving me trouble pop your whip but let me give you a little tip, getting money from me is like stuffing butter into a wild cat with a hot awl. You asked me if I expected fair treatment from you under the circumstances. I answer no I do not expect anything but to be pestered by money sharks and lawyers and other humbugs and grafters. Before I die I am going to petition high heaven for a shower of hell fire, on the whole bunch, and I will especially pray that the storm may spend the most of its fury, at 501 Silsby Bldg., where you claim you get your mail. Disrespectfully Thomas Lee.

—The Docket.

DROOP TOP.

Husking corn is the order of the day. J. T. Kershner is erecting a fine house for W. C. Pritt. Our blacksmith, John Shue is going to Grafton the 31st after a fine Hudson automobile. Born, to Mr. and Mrs. T. T. McClung, a boy.

Mrs. French Nickle, of Ronceverte, was the guest of her mother Mrs. Nannie Beard, at Beard, last week.—West Virginia News.



Try Our Remedies for all Ailments

Have you got Rheumatism? If so, use our remedies and TREAT it. It won't get well by itself. Whatever be the matter with you, buy your medicines from us and know that you can rely on them to be full strength, fresh and pure.

KEE & McNEILL DRUGGISTS

Marlinton

W. Va.






WE TAKE CARE

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Coyner and their little daughter returned this week to their home at Cloverlick from a visit to Baltimore and other eastern cities. While away they visited Mr. Coyner's old home in Virginia.—W. Va. News.

Joshua Lunsford, a prominent citizen of Highland county, died last week. He was a Confederate soldier, a member of Co. H. 31st Virginia Infantry, and was 74 years old. He was a brother of Noah Lunsford of this county.

FAC-SIMILE BALLOT

To be used in the election to be held Tuesday, November 3, 1914.

				
FOR A STRAIGHT TICKET MARK WITHIN THIS CIRCLE	FOR A STRAIGHT TICKET MARK WITHIN THIS CIRCLE	FOR A STRAIGHT TICKET MARK WITHIN THIS CIRCLE	FOR A STRAIGHT TICKET MARK WITHIN THIS CIRCLE	FOR A STRAIGHT TICKET MARK WITHIN THIS CIRCLE
DEMOCRATIC TICKET	SOCIALIST TICKET	PROHIBITION TICKET	PROGRESSIVE PARTY TICKET	REPUBLICAN TICKET
CONGRESSIONAL TICKET	CONGRESSIONAL TICKET	CONGRESSIONAL TICKET	CONGRESSIONAL TICKET	CONGRESSIONAL TICKET
For Congressman at Large THOS. E. HODGES Residence, Morgantown, W. Va.	For Congressman at Large EDWARD H. KINTZER Residence, Clarksburg, W. Va.	For Congressman at Large ORILLAS G. WHITE Residence, Bethany, W. Va.	For Congressman at Large CHARLES J. SCHUCK Residence, Wheeling, W. Va.	For Congressman at Large HOWARD SUTHERLAND Residence, Elkins, W. Va.
For Congress—Third Congressional Dist. ADAM B. LITTLEPAGE Residence, Charleston, W. Va.	For Congress—Third Congressional Dist. HERNDON F. LINK Residence, Ronceverte, W. Va.	For Congress—Third Congressional Dist. W. A. HOWARD Residence, Burner, W. Va.	For Congress—Third Congressional Dist. ARTHUR LOTUS HUGHES Residence, St. Albans, W. Va.	For Congress—Third Congressional Dist. S. B. AVIS Residence, Charleston, W. Va.
SENATORIAL TICKET	SENATORIAL TICKET	SENATORIAL TICKET	SENATORIAL TICKET	SENATORIAL TICKET
For State Senate—Tenth District ESKRIDGE H. MORTON Residence, Webster Springs, W. Va.	For State Senate—Tenth District Residence, W. Va.	For State Senate—Tenth District A. E. BARNES Residence, Flat Woods, W. Va.	For State Senate—Tenth District Residence, W. Va.	For State Senate—Tenth District Residence, W. Va.
POCAHONTAS COUNTY TICKET	POCAHONTAS COUNTY TICKET	POCAHONTAS COUNTY TICKET	POCAHONTAS COUNTY TICKET	POCAHONTAS COUNTY TICKET
For House of Delegates B. M. YEAGER Residence, Marlinton, W. Va.	For House of Delegates.	For House of Delegates E. E. STITZINGER Residence, Deer Creek, W. Va.	For House of Delegates C. E. FLYNN Residence, Arbovale, W. Va.	For House of Delegates SAMUEL B. MOORE Residence, Edray, W. Va.
For County Commissioner J. S. McNEEL Residence Academy, W. Va.	For County Commissioner	For County Commissioner E. P. KENNEDY Residence, Cloverlick, W. Va.	For County Commissioner R. D. MOORE Residence, Beard, W. Va.	For County Commissioner SHERMAN GIBSON Residence, Frost, W. Va.
For County Superintendent Free Schools B. B. WILLIAMS Residence, Marlinton, W. Va.	For County Superintendent Free Schools	For County Superintendent Free Schools Residence, W. Va.	For County Superintendent Free Schools E. C. SMITH Residence, Onoto, W. Va.	For County Superintendent Free Schools JAMES H. McCARTY Residence, Lobella, W. Va.
For Clerk County Court S. L. BROWN Residence, Marlinton, W. Va.	For Clerk County Court	For Clerk County Court S. J. REXRODE Residence, Burner, W. Va.	For Clerk County Court E. L. DUNCAN Residence, Buckeye, W. Va.	For Clerk County Court J. L. BAXTER Residence, Marlinton, W. Va.
For Clerk Circuit Court C. F. HULL Residence, Durbin, W. Va.	For Clerk Circuit Court	For Clerk Circuit Court. Residence, W. Va.	For Clerk Circuit Court S. B. NOEL Residence, Watoga, W. Va.	For Clerk Circuit Court. GEORGE W. SHARP Residence, Marlinton, W. Va.

State of West Virginia, Pocahontas County, to-wit:

I, George W. Sharp, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a fac-simile of the ballot to be used in the election to be held on November 3rd, 1914.

Given under my hand this 19th day of October, 1914.

G. W. SHARP, Clerk.

The Republicans who so per-